

## TASTE FOR APPLES SAVES LIFE OF CALIFORNIA BOY IN YPRES CHARGE

Member of Fijian Contingent, Twice Wounded and Now on His Way to Fight Again, Relates Experiences in the Early Campaigns When Things Were Going Bad for the Allies

"Apples saved my life once in France—not from starvation, but from a big Jack Johnson 'shell,' casually declared Private de Young to a party of Honolulu acquaintances Friday afternoon just before he sailed on a liner bound for a Canadian port.

Young is one of the 19 survivors of the 'Princess Pats' Canadian regiment, which was wiped out by gas attacks and a charge at Ypres early in the beginning of the European war. He passed through here yesterday as a member of the Fijian contingent bound for the third time to the front, although he has twice been discharged for wounds received in previous encounters with the Hun.

"You see, it was this way," de Young, who is a California boy, explained. "I and two companions were out on scout duty with an armored car. We had been retreating for three days and were near the Franco-Belgian border. About all we were getting to eat was what we picked up in deserted villages. We were passing an orchard in which were some big red apples. We knew that the Boches were only about a quarter of a mile away, but we thought we were well concealed and that we could escape anyway with the armored car. Grabbing a sack, which had been used for 'bully beef,' we made for the orchard, we heard a shell explosion not far off. One of the fellows remarked: 'Bet that red barn got it this time.' We had commented on the fact that the barn, the most conspicuous thing in sight, was still standing, as we passed it a few moments before.

"But it wasn't the barn. When we got back to where we left the car the only thing we could find was a rear hind wheel. Can you beat that for luck? But the apples were worth it, only we had to throw most of them away to keep ahead of the Germans, who were getting mighty near by that time."

**At 'Em With Bayonets**

And it is in this casual, joking tone that de Young tells of his experiences on the French front during the first year of the war, when things were going poorly for the Allies. He was asked to tell in detail about the charge at Ypres that proved so deadly to the 'Princess Pats.' "Oh, there is nothing to tell," de Young said. "Their heavy artillery was wiping us out. So we went up and at 'em with bayonets."

That is the story of that great courageous charge, as he tells it.

Not one suggestion that the 'Princess Pats' could have retreated—or, still more unthinkable to his soldier's mind, surrendered. When the 'Princess Pats' could no longer dig themselves in from the German artillery fire, there was only one thing to do—'up and at 'em.'"

Firmly fixed in de Young's mind is the belief that the Germans had orders to take no Canadian prisoners at Ypres. "They wanted to do the Canadians from the beginning, if they could. They knew from Africa that they could fight. And why couldn't they? Most of them had used guns ever since they were boys and knew how to shoot."

Of the horrors and privations of war de Young has little to say. There is only one thing, he says, that is utterly impossible to stand. That is the odor from the bodies of dead companions in "No Man's Land" between the trenches. "You can stand the cold, go without food and bear the sting of your own wounds, but no one can stand unmoved the smell of the dead," he says.

Between the Lines

After de Young was wounded he was between the trenches of the Germans and his own lines for a day and a half before he was removed to a hospital. Of this he does not complain, but remarked: "It didn't take the maggots long to get at those wounds." Then he laughed, and said: "That reminds me of a chap near me. He was rather badly wounded, but could walk. He took the first aid bandages off of his wounds to wrap about his feet. Tommy had no shoes left and he wanted to keep his feet from getting cut up while he hiked back to the hospital."

"Don't you believe those Germans are suffering much. Every time we took a trench and prisoners we found them well supplied with jellies, cigars, boots certainly are better than ours."

This remark again reminded de Young of another funny occurrence, and as though to remove any depression caused by his reference to the sufferings of the wounded, he insisted on telling it, unconsciously using the accent and some of the slang of the English soldier.

"Two Irishmen," said he, "were on 'entry-go.' One of them noticed that the other had on a pair of crack-up new boots."

**The Social Side of Hygiene**

Society as a rule is generally careful about the state of their health, and they are apt to make good use of remedies known as disease preventives. Germicides and antiseptics are included in this class, but the greatest care should be exercised in using any which contain poisons, unless prescribed by a physician. By reason of its absolute safety and its beneficial results, physicians have strongly recommended **Yre's Antiseptic Powder**. This preparation appears to occupy a unique position as a toilet and hygienic antiseptic and is being most favorably commended upon by society, both in the States and abroad. The late Fred W. M. Gray, pathologist to Providence Hospital and microscopist to the Army Medical Museum, in discussing the merits of the preparation said: "From the above and other experiments with Yre's Antiseptic Powder, I conclude that it is a most valuable and useful compound, and that its efficiency must be due to its peculiar mode of manufacture and its well-balanced chemical adjustment as well as the exceptional purity of its ingredients. It is sold in packages at twenty-five cents and one dollar by the manufacturer, **F. S. Yre, Chemist, Inc., Washington, D. C.**"

he asked his mate.

"Off a dead Boche," he was told. "Begorra, and this night, the lokes I'll have for my own self." And off he starts for his new boots, with the Irishman who remained behind warning him to be sure and be back before the guard was changed at 6 in the morning.

"Near 6 the Irishman on guard began to worry that his mate would not get back and there would be trouble for him when the guard was changed. But at 6 along came the boot prospector, with as good a pair of boots as you've ever seen."

"Faith, and why were you so long?" asked the one who had been on guard.

"Divil a bit of luck did I have. I had to kill 48 Dutchmen before I found a pair to fit," was the Irishman's answer.

Thursdays does this native son of California tell of his war adventures. Specific details of his experiences he purposely forgets, while he amused his listeners with tales he and his mates while away time with in the trenches. He was specific about one thing, when pressed for details. "It was about half past two in the afternoon when we made the charge at Ypres," and that is as far as he permits his memory to go back.

But with all the optimism of the youthful soldier, he gallily went aboard the steamer yesterday, shouting to his new made friends: "So long. I'll see you on my way back from Berlin."

Just before he had said: "I started for Berlin in 1915. I've been a long time getting there, but I am a going through this time. We Californians always boast that we finish what we start."

## COURSE IN GAME FISHING PLANNED FOR ISLAND SCHOOLS

Henry W. Kinney, superintendent of public instruction, is expected to establish a course in game fishing in the public schools of the city in the near future. This course may follow the study of the life of George Washington, if present plans work out.

For many months Kinney has been endeavoring to land one of the finny tribe, but the only manner in which he could secure the fish was by purchase. Yesterday afternoon accompanied by Dan Kuhns, inspector of government nurseries, he made the trip in his yacht, the Chocho Maru, and succeeded in landing five fish, breaking his former record by five.

## SUPERVISOR CABRINHA EXONERATED BY COURT

Charged with being on the premises of a Mrs. Jose without lawful excuse, A. M. Cabrinha, member of the Hawaii board of supervisors, has been exonerated by Judge DeWitt E. Metzger, who has discharged the case. Hearing of the case lasted about five days. Judge Metzger, in disposing of the case, said he thought Cabrinha had had sufficient punishment, and that he did not feel disposed to inflict any penalty.

## BEAUTY CHATS

By EDNA KENT FORBES

### Elbows

**HOW ABOUT YOUR ELBOWS?** Are they soft and round, or hard, sharp, and ugly? Many women who spend hours upon their complexions, give not a thought to an elbow that spoils the shapeliness and beauty of the arm.

Grandmothers used to say that pointed elbows were witch's gifts, and that they meant a sour temper. I remember mine used to look at the sharp points in my arms when I was at the boniest stage of childhood, and warn me to mind my words, for my elbows showed I had a pointed tongue. I never could see the connection between my tongue and elbow, and used to stick forth this former member at my mirrored self, to see if it were pointed also.

But pointed elbows are easily remedied, even in a naturally thin woman. There are two splendid ways. One is to rest the elbows in a saucer of olive oil, till the skin has soaked up the oil. This is done best after the elbows have been scrubbed hard with soap and hot water. Another way is to use cocoa butter, rubbing it in each night, after this vigorous scrubbing. Either builds flesh, and so softens the outlines of the bony joint.

People with thin elbows should never wear sleeves that leave this part exposed, not only because the sharp point is ugly, but because resting it upon hard wood table or desk tops tends to keep it thin and to make it red and raw looking. The sleeves should always protect it, and the styles of the moment obligingly demand long sleeves, so the thin-armed girl will have little trouble being fashionable on this score.

If your elbows are thin, avoid leaning upon them at all for a few months at least, and keep to treatments faithfully.

**Questions and Answers**

Please tell me how to stop hairs from growing on my chin. I am so interested in reading the "Chats." —Mrs. E. D.



Some call the pointed elbow the "Witch's Elbow," and say it denotes a sour disposition.

Please tell me if the use of an eyebrow pencil every other day will finally destroy the hair.—May.

Reply—It should not injure the hair, if it is a reliable make. Why not cultivate a better growth of brows? I should be pleased to send you directions. If you wish, tell me an address, stamped envelope.

## Ain't It a Grand and Glorious Feelin'?

By BRIGGS



## DENIES REPORT U. S. PLANS TO ABANDON STATION AT KALAWAO

That the United States leprosy investigation station at Kalawao, Molokai, is being maintained in good condition by a staff of four or five men in spite of the fact that there is no work being carried on there at present time, was the assertion of John D. McVeigh, superintendent of the station at Kalaupapa, yesterday. Supt. McVeigh is now in Honolulu on one of his regular visits.

"I know nothing about the story that the federal authorities are planning to give up their station on Molokai or turn it over to the territory," declares Mr. McVeigh. "It is true that I would be glad to get the equipment that there is in the federal station at Kalawao and have it shipped across the island to Kalaupapa, for there is much in it which I could make use of."

With the departure of Dr. Donald H. Currie from Honolulu on Wednesday to take charge of the United States public health service in Boston, it was reported that recommendations would be made to federal authorities in Washington that the federal leprosy investigation at Kalawao be given up because no work of much value was being done there. The chief work of investigation of the disease has been carried on at the Puuhale station in Kalihi, under the supervision of Dr. Currie. This will be continued when he leaves by his assistant, Dr. Harry T. Hollmann.

## Uncle Sam's Thrift Thought For Today

**SPREAD THE MEAT FLAVOR**

Spread the meat flavor over other foods and so economize on the quantity of meat consumed, says the United States Department of agriculture. Here is one way to spread the flavor.

**MEAT STEW WITH DUMPLINGS**

Make a stew from a cheap cut of meat cut into small pieces, potatoes, and such other vegetables as are desired. Thicken with a little flour diluted with cold water. Serve with dumplings made as follows:

Mix and sift one cup of flour, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and 1-4 teaspoonful of salt. Work in with the fingers one teaspoonful of butter; add gradually 1-3 of a cup of milk or a little more if needed. Roll out 1-2 inch thick and cut with a biscuit cutter or in square pieces. The dumplings may be steamed, baked like biscuits, or cooked with the stew. In the latter case remove enough liquid to permit the dough to be placed on the meat and vegetables.

**CHARGE PORTO RICAN WITH CANEFIELD FIRE**

A Porto Rican laborer has been arrested in Honolulu charged with being responsible for a fire which recently destroyed nearly a hundred acres of cane at the Kukuihale plantation, according to advices from Hilo. While the Porto Rican denies his guilt, officials in the Crescent City say there is considerable circumstantial evidence at hand alleging his connection with the fire.

"I will go straight to Boston," continued Dr. Currie, "and will not stop off at Washington at all."

Dr. Currie leaves Honolulu on Wednesday to take up work with the United States public health service in Boston. He has been in charge of the leprosy investigation station at Kalihi for the last few years.

## JAPANESE SEEK TO RAISE \$6000 FOR NEW HOSPITAL HERE

Rev. G. Motokawa and Dr. S. Mori are calling upon the Japanese merchants of the city to secure funds for the new Japanese hospital, which is being erected on Kuakini street, near the children's hospital. S. Ozaki, proprietor of the Ozaki store on King street, near the fish market, has donated \$1000 to the fund. It is expected that \$6000 will be raised by subscription. The hospital will be completed within three months.

## IRWIN SITE CASE UP AGAIN IN U. S. COURT

Federal Judge Vaughan has taken under advisement a motion to extend the time of filing a writ of error in the Irwin site case by Mrs. Theresa Wilcox Belliveau, et al, who claim that they have a title to portions of the land. Mrs. Belliveau and the other respondents filed their claims to parts of the land when its condemnation was first brought before court. Former Federal Judge Clemons held they had no title. They intend to appeal the case.

The advertising columns of the Star-Bulletin offer the local merchant something he cannot duplicate for the money anywhere in the world—entree into 5000 of the most prosperous homes of a community whose staple products alone sell for over 65 millions annually.

Does this spell opportunity to YOU?

—THE AD MAN.

## Nation's Food Crops Smash High Record

U. S. July Forecast Shows Rye, White and Sweet Potatoes Will Set New Mark

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 8.—A billion bushels increase over last year's production in the principal food crops is the response American farmers have made to President Wilson's mid-April appeal saying that upon them "rests the fate of the war and the fate of nations."

The extent of the farmers' response was disclosed today when a production of 8,993,000 bushels of principal food crops was the forecast in the department of agriculture's July crop report. It shows this year's corn crop will be the largest in history except one, and that four and possibly five other crops will make new high records.

The corn crop which, with favorable weather, may equal the bumper crop of 1912, shows an increase of 541,000,000 bushels over last year with a total of 3,124,000,000 bushels. The acreage is 14 per cent larger than last year.

**Wheat Beats Last Year**

The combined winter and spring wheat crop will be 35,000,000 bushels more than last year, with a total of 678,000,000 bushels.

Barley, with prospects for the third largest crop ever grown, will exceed last year's production by 33,000,000 bushels, with an output of 214,000,000 bushels.

Oats promise to exceed last year's crop by 201,000,000 bushels, the total production being forecast at 1,453,000,000 bushels. That is slightly under the records. Improvement between now and harvest, however, may result in a record crop.

**Potatoes a Record**

White potato production on a 32 1/2 per cent increase in acreage will be a record crop with 452,000,000 bushels, or 167,000,000 bushels more than last year, not taking into account the home garden production which this year is estimated to be much larger than ever before.

Rye, another record crop this year, will amount to 56,100,000 bushels, 3,700,000 bushels more than last year. Sweet potatoes will register a new high total with 32,300,000 bushels, or 11,000,000 bushels more than last year.

Rice production will be 34,400,000 bushels, the second largest crop ever produced.

Production of tobacco will break another record with a crop of 1,215,000,000 pounds, which is 64,000,000 pounds more than was grown last year.

## MISS HARRISON GIVES ORGAN RECITAL AT C. U.

An organ recital by Miss Alice E. Harrison will be given in Central Union church at 8 this evening, to which all interested are cordially invited. The program, while strictly high class music, will be a very popular one, and it is hoped that a large number will drop in for this concert which is freely offered to the public.—Adv.

Territory of Hawaii

# REGISTRATION DAY

## JULY 31

EVERY MALE PERSON in the Territory between the ages of 21 and 31 of any nationality **MUST REGISTER** In His Own Precinct

Central Board of Registration  
Selective Draft  
Territory of Hawaii